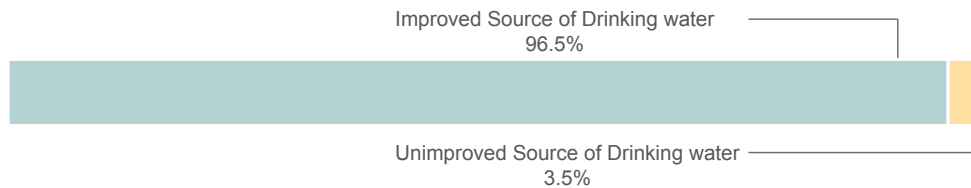
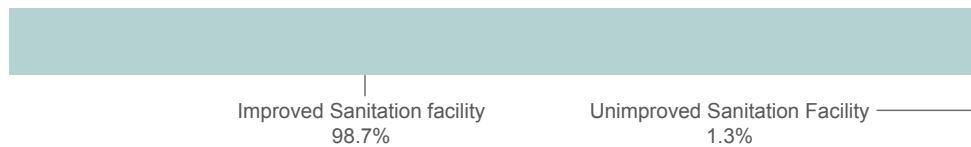


Water and Sanitation

Source of Drinking Water



Type of Toilet Used



85.1 % of household population with *E. coli* in source water



Attitude towards Domestic Violence

28% of women age 15-49 years believes a husband is justified in beating his wife in various circumstances

53.6 % of women age 15-49 years believes a mother-in-law is justified in verbally abusing and threatening her daughter-in-law in various circumstance



Human Development Indicators



10,545.65
NPR million

Gross Domestic Product



27
per thousand

Infant Mortality Rate (MICS)



0.61

Human Development Index (HDI)



73.27

Life expectancy (HDI)

Note*:

This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions.



Early Childhood Development Index score

79.5% of children age 3-4 years are developmentally on track in literacy- numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning domains

7.0% of children age 0-17 living with neither biological parent

Adult / Child Disfunctioning



Functional difficulties in at least one domain: Seeing, Hearing, Walking, Communication

Age 18 - 49 1.5 % 4.1%

Age 02 - 04 3.0 %

Health Insurance coverage



It is one protection scheme that present the percentage of men and women covered by health insurance

Age 15 - 49 8.8 % 9.4%

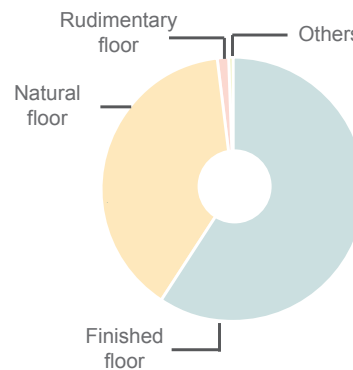
Age 05 - 17 8.1%

The Nepal Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) is an international multi-purpose household survey. A total sample of 512 enumeration areas and 12,800 households was selected for the survey. It was designed to provide estimates for many indicators on the situation of children and women.

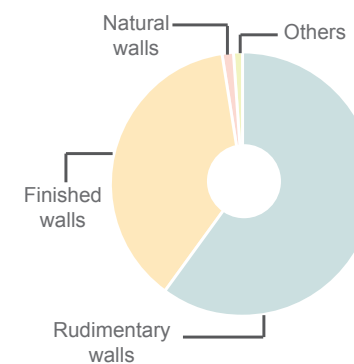
Note* :

This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions.

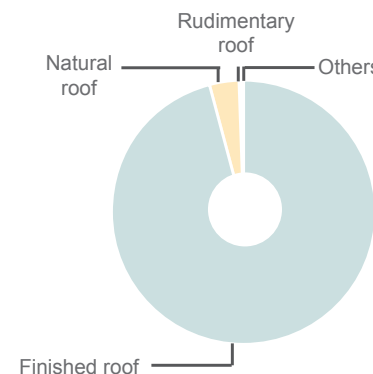
Shelter



Type of House Foundation



Type of Outer Wall



Type of Roof



Menstrual Hygiene

% of women using appropriate menstrual hygiene materials

	Rural	Urban
% of women using appropriate menstrual hygiene materials	96.5 %	92.8 %
% of women with a private place to wash and change	83.1 %	88.6 %

% of women with a private place to wash and change

Nepal: Annual expected exposed people to perennial river floods (Gandaki Province)

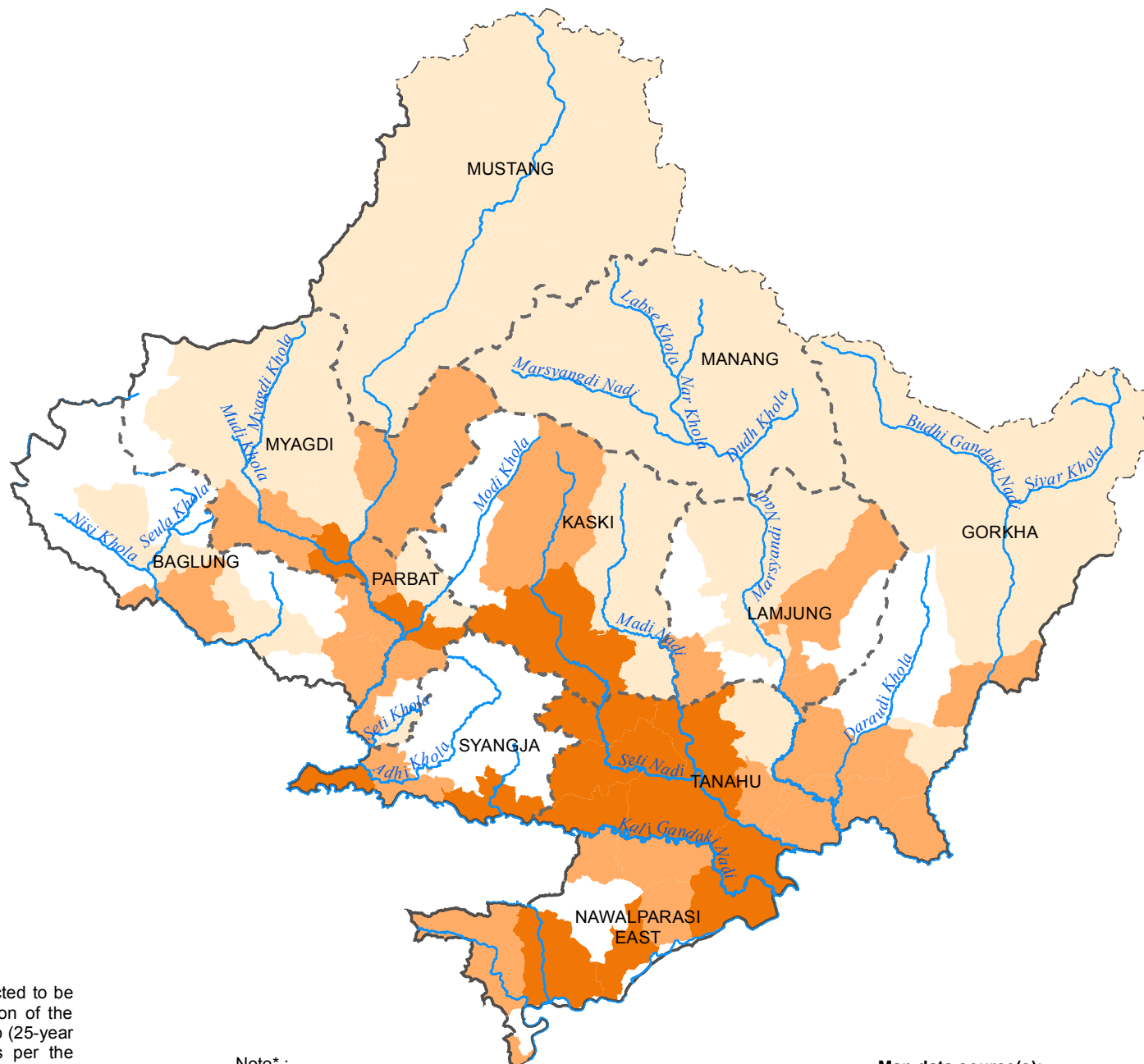
Administrative Boundary

- International Boundary
- Province Boundary
- - - District Boundary
- Major Rivers

No. of people expected to be exposed to Perennial Flood per year

- Low
- Moderate
- High

The classification is based on quantile distribution of the calculated values at municipality level. The map shows the relative classification across the country.



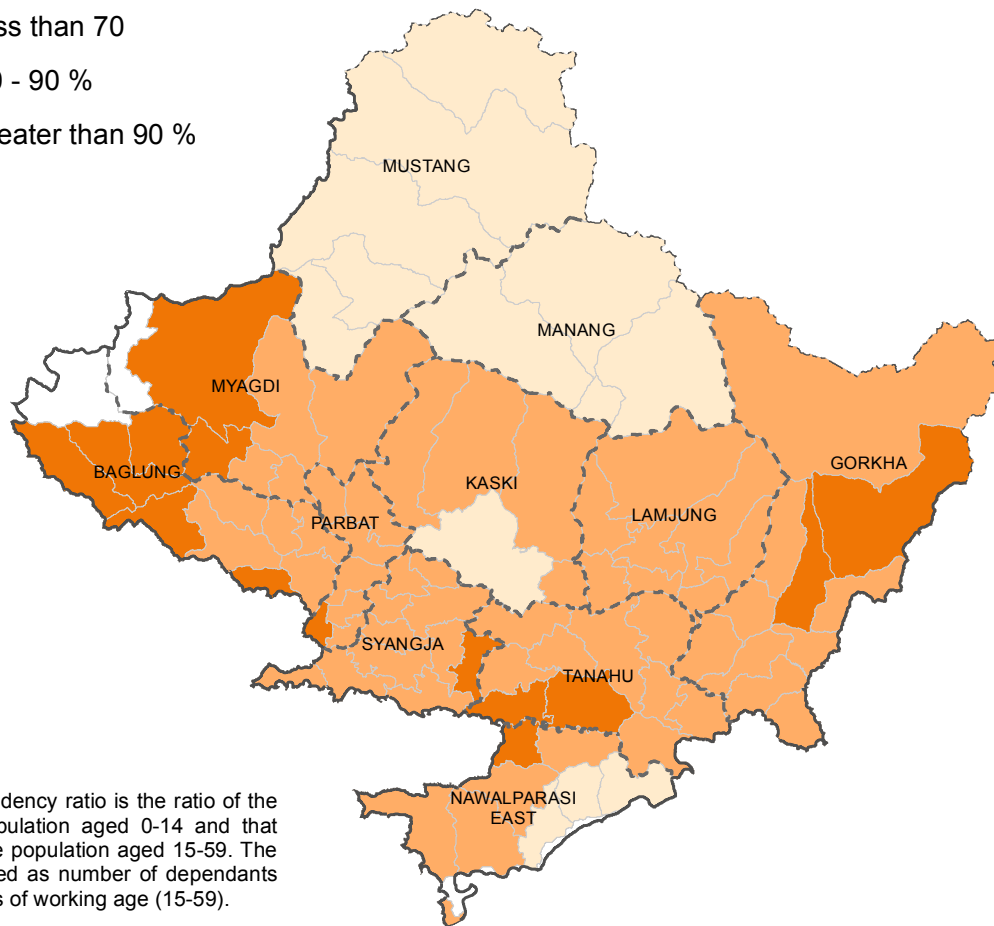
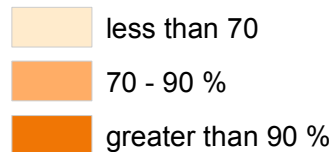
The indicator is based on the estimated average number of people expected to be exposed to perennial river floods per year. It results from the combination of the perennial flood hazard zones as defined by the perennial flood hazard map (25-year return period) and the total population living in the exposed areas as per the population density map. The expected number of people exposed in the hazard zone in one year is the yearly average of the total population living in the exposed area.

Note* :
This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions.

Map data source(s):
World Food Programme (WFP)

Vulnerability Indicator - Gandaki province

Age dependency ratio %



The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the sum of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 60+ to the population aged 15-59. The ratio is presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-59).

The classification is based on quantile distribution of the calculated values at municipality level. The map shows the relative classification across the country.

Note* : This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions.

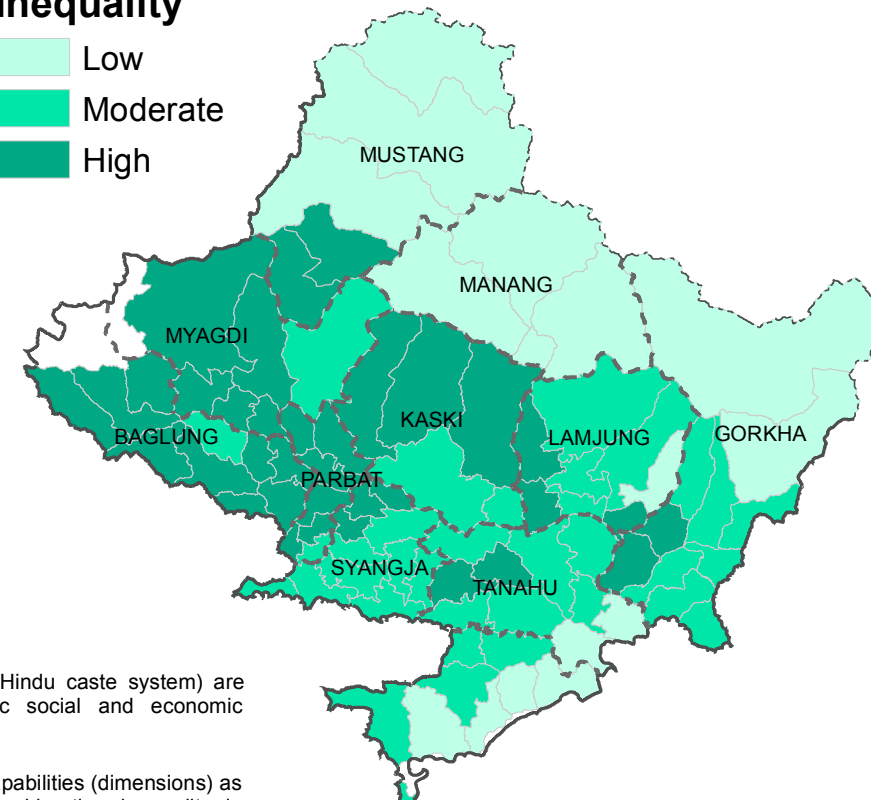
Map data source(s):
Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS)

Legend

Administrative Boundary



Inequality



Dalit Population: Dalits (the lowest strata of the Hindu caste system) are considered “untouchable” and encounter systemic social and economic exclusion

GDI: It measures achievements in the same basic capabilities (dimensions) as the Human Development Index but takes into consideration inequality in achievements between women and men

GEM: It seeks to determine how much women have been empowered or enfranchised to take part in different aspects of public life in comparison with men

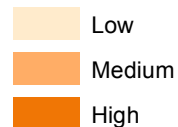
Inequality is calculated taking average of Dalit population data, Gender Development Index (GDI) and Gender Empowerment Measure (GEM).

Nepal: Disease Burden Rate Map (Gandaki province)

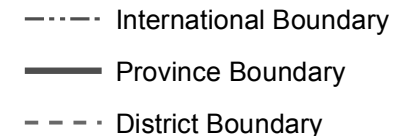
Acute Gastro Enteritis rate



Acute Gastro Enteritis rate



Administrative Boundary



Acute Gastro Enteritis (AGE) is an endemic and re-emerging disease, in particular during the rainy season.

The estimated number of Acute Gastro Enteritis cases arising in a given year, expressed as the rate per 100 000 population.

The classification is based on quantile distribution of the values at district level. The map shows the relative classification across the country.

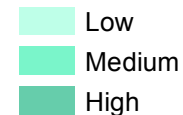
Map data source(s):
 Early Warning and Reporting System (EWARS)
 – Epidemiology and Disease Control Division,
 Ministry of Health and Population
 Geodata: DoS/GoN,

Note* :
 This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions..

Sudden Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) rate



SARI rate



Sudden Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) is an endemic and re-emerging disease, in particular during the rainy season.

The estimated number of Sudden Acute Respiratory Illness cases arising in a given year, expressed as the rate per 100 000 population.

Household affected by natural disaster 2016-2020 (Gandaki province)

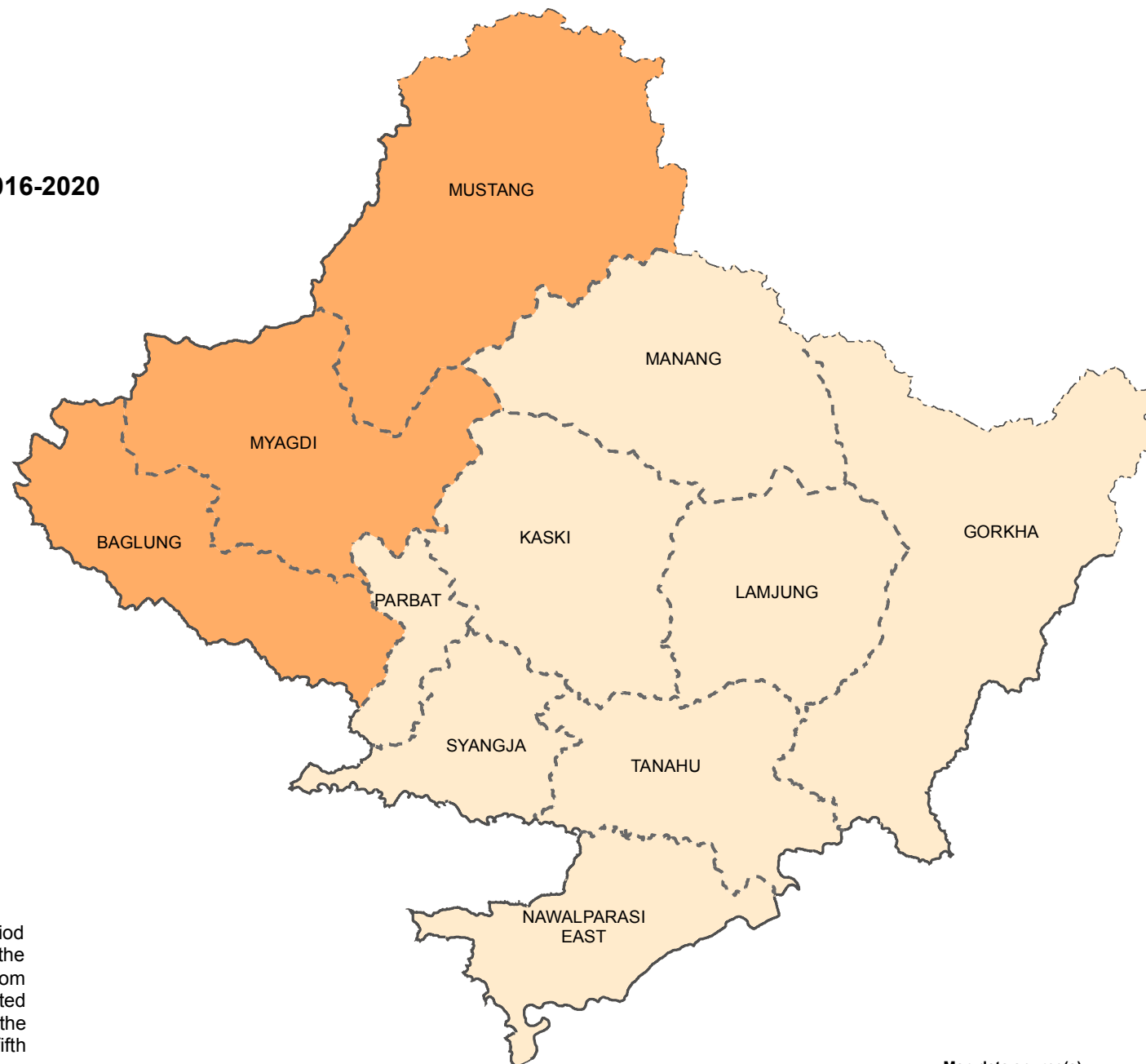
Administrative Boundary

- International Boundary
- Province Boundary
- - - - District Boundary

Household affected by natural disaster 2016-2020

- Low
- Moderate
- High

The classification is based on quantile distribution of the calculated values at district level. The map shows the relative classification across the country.



Note* :
This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions..

To account for increased vulnerability during the recovery period after a disaster, households affected by recent shocks in the past five years are considered. The affected households from the most recent year are considered fully while affected households from the previous years are scaled down with the factor 0.8, 0.6, 0.4, and 0.2 for the second, third, fourth, and fifth year, respectively, assuming that recovery decreases vulnerability progressively.

Map data source(s):
Nepal Disaster Risk Reduction Portal

Nutritional status children (0-23 months) - Gandaki province



Administrative Boundary

--- International Boundary

— Province Boundary

- - - District Boundary

Nutritional status (0-23) months children

less than 2%

2- 4 %

greater than 4%

Percentage of newly registered children aged 0-23 months with a moderate or severe nutritional status

Note* :
This is a living document. We will be continuously editing and updating with revisions..

Map data source(s):
Health Management Information System (HMIS)